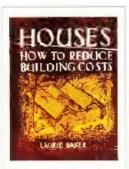


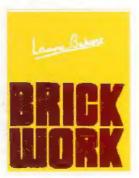
Other Titles in the Series



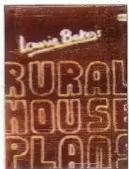
HOUSES HOW TO REDUCE BUILDING COSTS



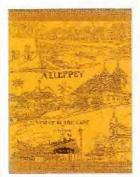
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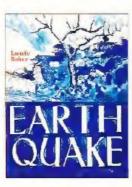
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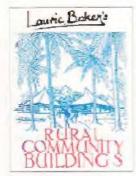
RURAL HOUSE PLANS



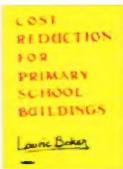
ALLEPPEY VENICE OF THE EAST



EARTH QUAKE



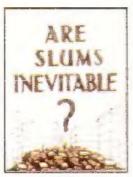
RURAL COMMUNITY BUILDINGS



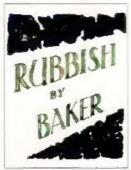
COST REDUCTION FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL BUILDINGS



HOUSES HOW TO REDUCE BUILDING COSTS



ARE SLUMS INEVITABLE



RUBBISH BY BAKER



A MANUAL OF COST CUTS FOR STRONG ACCEPTABLE HOUSING

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ALLEPPEY VENICE OF THE EAST

A Report

Dr. Laurie Baker

Published by



Centre of Science and Technology For Rural Development



English

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A 1999 PREFACE

Nearly a decade my or a new Development Authority was aware that Mlappy had been known all over the Tourist Durch as "The Venice of the tast". They were also only two well aware That it had become dirty a neglected. He banks of the beautiful tree lines can also had become mobish dumps.

as would, my habits was to draw a sketch which I can around me. Various people a friends, including officials, should extend in these rough sketches and their information I added explanatory notes.

parts of the world where I had seen achitecturally famous places - local people had evenided

Corrupting the old chann by advining modern the buildening a consider the buildening a consenties. Often that had been the moins central road of such a town or villege were turned into a predestrians only area with trees a flower tacks a sente etc. New Modern structures a new mide motor roads were build covery from the tele towns.

Which of Micophy was still pune -except for the subtainth hears - so? drew parallel sketcher to show how the interior of modern buildings would main the old charm. Alexander I recently visited Attopping many of my imaginary horrors HAVE taken the place of the old beautiful anxiotesture. French how as keeping if they could publish my original notes & 5 ketches if they could publish my original notes & 5 ketches. So I gladly a hopefully give my Consent. Laurie Cakes

A REPORT ABOUT ALLEPPEY-

This Report is being prepared because I have a longstanding affection for Arreppey. Because of an aunts knowledge of the place, before I went to school, Alleppen was the only Indian town's name that I knew! I mention this to assure renders that This current interest is very deep rooted.

like to be helpful a try to put Mappey in its nightful place as a interorthy town of Kerala and of India.

I believe that we should look carefully

or circumstances in Alleppey.

but we must not shut an eye to its his lites to defects and adversities tot see how these Can be remedied and added to the credit

I also believe that Alleppen is a very unique town. It has a unity, a complete-ness of a whole-ness that very few other towns have.

if at times 9 appear to be over-critical runkind

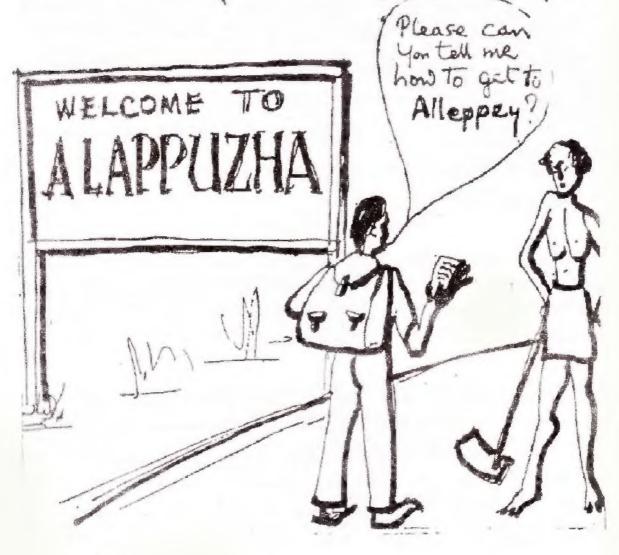


My wife is a doctor of from her work of have come to accept the fact that treatments can sometimes be painful and drestic before a cure can be obtained.

I succeedly hope that the beauties of AMeppey (many of Them are becoming hidden) and its people can be exposed and used to bring once more fame and prosperity and improved living conditions, not only for tourists, but for all sho live a work in Mappey.

ALLEPPEY? ALAPPUZHA?

This report will, at times, deliberately use the and ALLEPPEY. The unge to use the old will name for our towns is understood and appreciated. But the subject of Tourism will continually be arrowing up in this report.





The questions of identity AND communication.

It is frustrating + puzzling for domester and foreign visiters a tourists not to be able to read or pronounce names, which may be common and easy for us. As one ex cample, all tinglish speaking people grew up to believe that the Southern-most tips of India is "Cape 'Cormovin'. It is true that we are puzzled to know how the british invented such a mane, but, never the less Kanya Kumari is quite a monthful

and how still not been assimilated into the ordinary tourist's list of place names. This hoppens in all countries — for example, all have heard of Munich, but locally it is called "München."

wast languages of other people, both of India a of the world, do not include the letter This, amazingly, in this English Script is written as ZHI ZH is certainly no the To The proper pronunciation!

Railway station to see on the sign boards that even our Indian Ruilways are not able to write Alappuzha in Hundir or in

pronounce the English!

Should we not consider, Therefore enter returning to The old ALLEPPEY? or eliming write both ALAPPUZHA AND ALLEPPEY?

As This report poposed to demonstrate that alleppen is an ideal town a place to have a big promount name on all townst maps, The good old name for the previously world famous "Venice of the trast"—

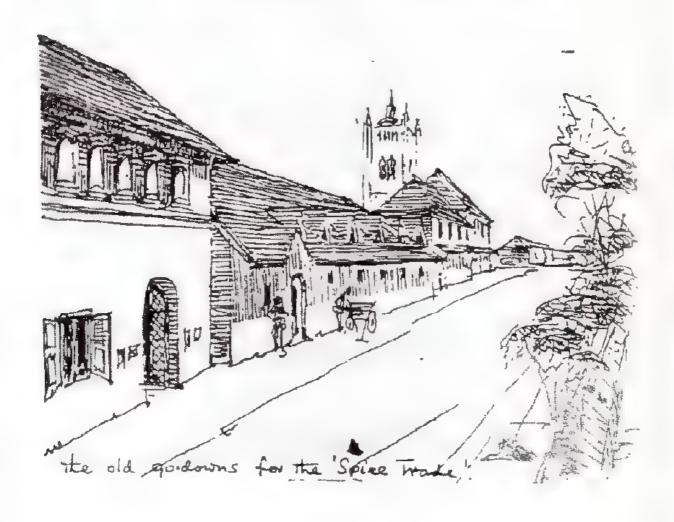
ALLEDOGY should not be lost.

In any case, whatever is written on boards or books, all people who live in Alleppy will always continue among temples to say BOOLAY!

ALAPPUZHA'S INDUSTRIES

that, officially, Alappropha is Backward! Please do not be offended. This does not mean that we are all illiterate, undotted a uncouth the term applies to the condition of our industries and our seconomy.

In fact when I first withter 'Alleppey'
it was sitty years upo and it was probably
The most 'thinking' Town on the Kerula west wast!

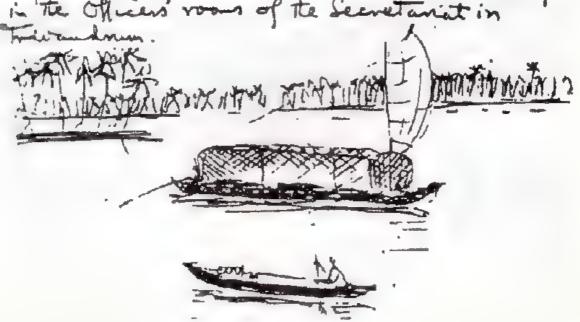


THE COIR INDUSTRY

Alleppen has long been famous for its Coir Industry. That this was a big flowishing industry is seen from the many large factories and Go. downs seen along the canal sites Go in through the big front gates of these buildings of your find yourself in large country and singed with offices a sheds a stores. Very little is now to be seen of coir in these of fine old street wees.

Twenty years back, many small scale Coir workers exhibited a sold coir mate along the road sides. Lecter, colonyful diges were airs need for mato in verying longhit colours of putterns.

A few years later not only mits were one Sale - but proper pile corpets. I was pleaseth impressed to find These wall-to-wall fitted carpets in the Officers rooms of the Secretarist in



they seem to have remembed some of the defacts

Dolonved coir mats seemed to fode quely.

With usage, coir carbots spaces! Immediately miside abovereys hales got worn the te matting a same fragel. Sometan or other, people desided that dirt a dust fell throtte coir fulling (The mats cutually get the blame for poor housekeeping!).

So we find that come muts & caspets howe look much of Them popularity to HiTer products. Similarly even the much used converges have been ousted from the market by mylon ropes.

The most unfortunate part about all this is that There seems to be little or no prospect of any big 'come-back' for coir That served us so faithfully for hundreds of years.

The beds, or floor of the buck veters are thick with shells which are brought in by bout of owned to make Lime. A leppen was famous for to excellent quality of line.

All Karala's old big famous buildings used like for mortars a plasters. All the old Government a Religious buildings used lime. Canant was unknown or scorned. Now modern engineers a architects prefer a wee only canant a have Completely abandoned lime as a building Construction material

As an exchitect a builde of feel very sail about this duration change for one Thing of a Commodity of which The country is extremely short — ENCACY, or Free has been and only of hime — where so from the Same basic material (shalls a timestone) coment reason an enormous amount of finel. (The cost difference Therefore is also awant.)

Conotter aspect is that here as count when modern, thintee; sophist intell machinery and lime have not alwayed in 5000 years!

But in any case, now it is too late to having buck lime as a major bailding material a all are do in spreach ton backel there a eat it will buck lime as a wife bailding material a all and pure.

So, as with coin, only a morable can revive the hime is durating.

ALLEPPEY - THE PORT

was known as an important, if small, port.

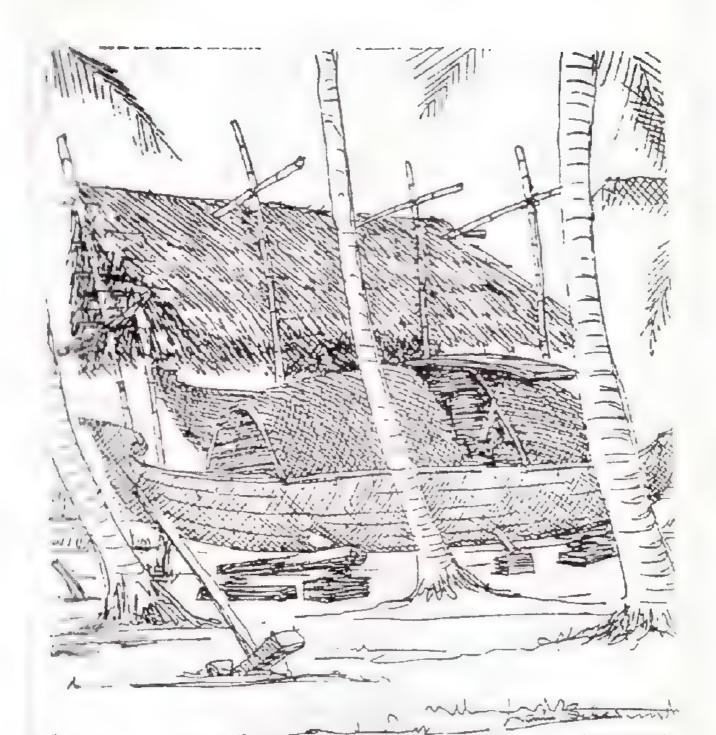
De still have the pier, the lighthouse,
Godowns & offices, canals a bout for transport
to and from the pier to the trun & the book waters.

But now most of the shipping trade has gone
to Cochin & elsewhere & rainely is any use
much of the facilities at Alleppay.

Alas! again! There seems very little prospect
of any revival

Alleppen is or was, one of the important terminal for loading and un lowding of merchandis on The large extensive intand weier mengent trans port hister along the buckwaters Caciletating trade with the important 93 Pro peious Intand towns Which thriver 15 or empations as the Spice My endy news to so the continuedans s of many sailling books and a worth wouth as well in best to west, with from controlley Strated A. Lappey with its flowing Sea port facilities too. All approps for mores Canalo were Specifically created to lask The inland 4 the Sengoring systems of trade transport. Now there is little evidence of the transport system on the buck water (the there is a move to revive it att work stanted on the Nectional Water way. _ Still lead evidence of seaquing transport _ and overgrowth of water hyperinth together with a cessation of all water transport on the canala between sea a back water. But even with a Nectional Dates way - when trade is there from An eppy to use the N.W?





BOAT BUILDING INDUSTRY

The few remaining ship bulding yards are now mainly only used for repair work.

PASSENCER FERRY BOATS.

boot Convice linking up towns of settlements on both sides of the back waters, towether with long distance surviver cuch as between Corhin to Quilon (Kollam). All these Services are well used, Though, again - The new bridges on rouds going from fast to west (such as Changanacheng to Alleppay) have trum fered a lot of users from boots to buses.

Dre Comnot help wondering why There is that tracic, depressing or, if I may say so Shameful Grave gand of about Thirty Sunken passenger transport boats — (This is The first Glimpse of our Backward status) as one enters Alappuzha via The canal from the backwarters to the Bus of Boat Station.

FISHING

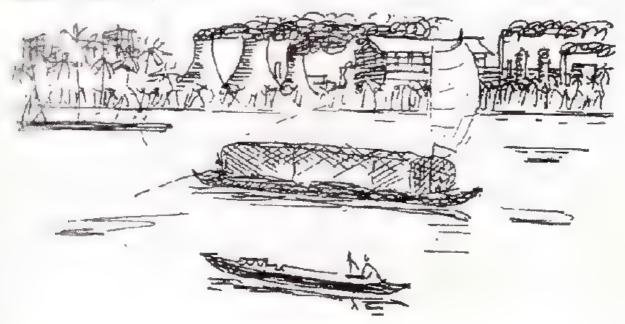
Where There is wreter there is wonelly fishing and processing: This is of course a local regular industry, but now mainly for our own local consuption. There is now no more and no too fishing undustry at Amappan Than at all the other towns and places borstering the sea and the back water. With small attempts to water each their management trees along the water edges there is the faint hope of special fishing (shimps ate) returning.

ANY NEW INDUSTRIES ?

There is always the vague possibility of some new large factory or plant, especially in connection with Everyy production, or slightly hugh - hugh plants connected with the woastal Rare Earths, etc.

Vaikon had its news print and Kayankullan wed is hop try (or Energy production, But, for one thing Alappush a does not have enough Suitable available solid land for such big factories setu, and, for anotter, does An expery want the almost inevitable resulting pollution from these monster.

If we do out for such possibilities, we can ight wow say good by to Touristo of the water amoney they will them !



ALAPPUZHA AND GEOPHYSICS

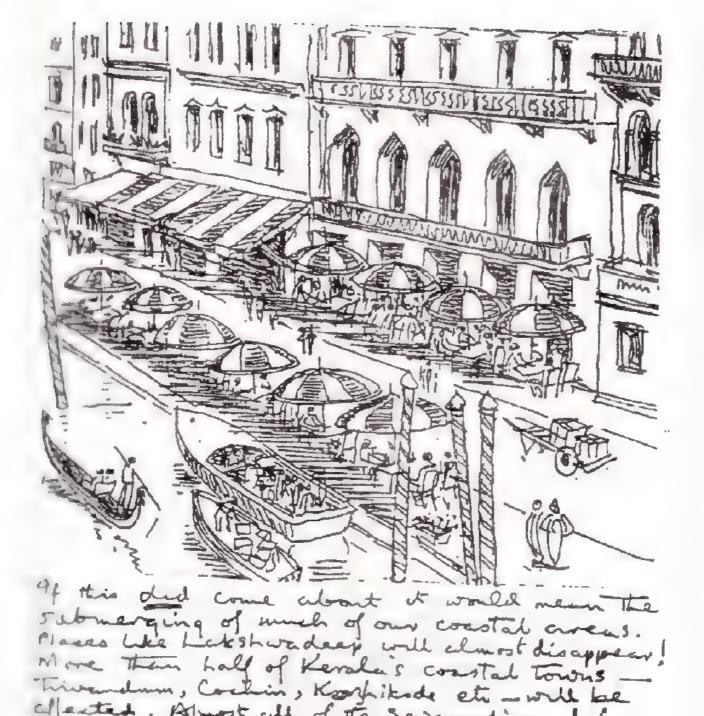
The Survey of Alleppeys Industries has not been very encouraging. There is one more subject that has to be looked at laidy and squarely— That is the controversuls Subject of the So-called Green House Effect. Many feel that it is nevely another of these arange will ideas from scientists!

Most people a organisations, including the Government, that to take the position of the totake who burys his head in the sand so that he can't see his enemies.

Even if there IS Something in the Creen House Effect theory, will it have any effect on Averpey in our life time?

Briefly the general when is that the worst that will happen will be a rise of a few fact or so of the sen level all over the world Some schooling. For some time now there is a controversy rogging over the rise of water in the sea a canals of the Venice of the west: Is the water noing? or is the land sinking? Which were it is, the canals are now deeper than they used to be.

One prediction is that in the next sixty year the main sea level will viae one, to one and a half metres.



Alasmost or not, it is unwise to ignore the subject while we are thinking about the future planning for the revival of Alleppey.

SUMMARY OF THE PRESENT

- 1. All epiper is listed as a Sea Port. As such it is almost dead + is including to revive.
- 1. Alleppen was a Backwiter temy Boat teminus of central importance, but the femy Book Corowe yand indicates to present impromising condition. To may continue, but not grow.
- I Atteppen was an important a well known Line opvortuning centre. Vary few people now use Line a it is unlikely that the industry will nevive.
- 4. Allegopey was one of the biggest and laest Known Coir Industry Centres. Coir products are no longer in favour and there is little likelihood of any revival.
- 5. There are no really big industrial. Centres, factories or plants, nor are there likely to be any. If they DID materialise they would probably be more of a curse than a blessing.
- and appear is known to foreign tourists but on amoral trey find facilities amenaties attempted poor or inadequate. They make little or no economic impact on the Toron or its inhabit ants.

CNLY THE LAST ITEM ON THE LIST HAS THE POTENTIAL TO BE DEVELOPED SUCCESSFULLY AND PROFITABLY.

VENICE OF THE WEST IS ONE OF THE WORLD'S GREAT Tourist CENTRES.

WHY IS ALLEPPEY, VENICE OF THE EAST, NOT ?

THE REMAINDER OF THIS
REPORT TRIES TO SHOW WHY
AND HOW IT IS POSSIBLE
TO RECAIN IT'S IMPORTANCE

ALLEPPEY'S TOURIST POTENTIAL IS ENGRMOUS.

Almost everything the average townist looks

SUN SAND & SEA

PLUS

- 1. The famous of still beautiful canals.
- 2. Almost all buildings near the canals are beautiful, distinctive imposled Good architecture ('tatty' but repairable)
- 3. A very distinctive boot design
- 4. A rich crop of mosques churches and
- 5. Plenty of interesting History.
- 6. Beautiful Scenery everywhere.
- 7. Full of fine beautiful trees-fruit, flowering, of the favores beautifully massive Rain Trees.
- 8. A comparatively quiet norseless place. Not many lunds peakers, & little traffice.
- q. No much, No stress, no faustle orbuitle.

What should we do to make proper use of all These wonderful plus points - plus points - plus points but for all who live in a new Alappuzha?

time - that there is no other town in the whole of Kerela, or indeed of any wasted town in India, that is so well endowed as Alleppay.

previously enlisted — but many and mined by a called Development or by The invadion of 50-called modern's buildings a structures of devices!

People have no option but to endure this half-baked modernism almost everywhere they go. Alleppey can still show what was like in "the Good Old Days" Improvements a Up grading of facilities etc Ale needed. We must see that these are made but in an unot trusive and beautiful way which is in hamony with the Cultural Heritage which is still so visible in Alleppen.

But there is no time to lose. We must Act QuiekLY.

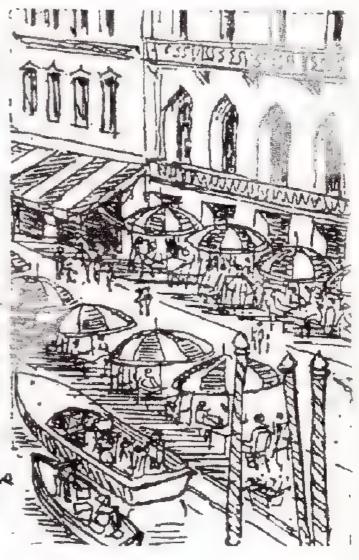
VENICE OF THE WEST

Alleppen used to be called by many people. The Venice of the Fast. Vesiting the two Venices to takes no time of little imagination to see where The Findanties lie - even Though one is a great royal city of the other a small rother sleeppy town.

CANALS

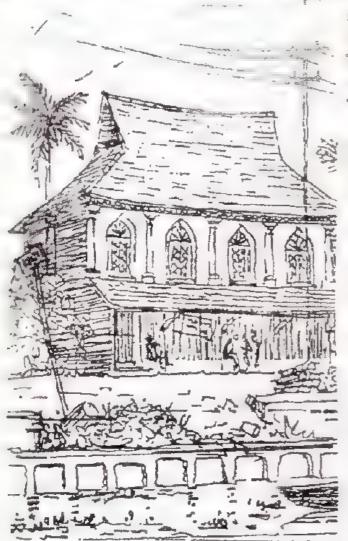
Both towns have a MANI network of canals munaing through The main part of the town. These were not built for lecor-- atial but to use instead of vouds. Visiters to Venice wenting to see the place of its Treasures don't take a taxi They take a goodola and are polest at a leismely par & along The canon, to see buildings + people. 3

Thing on Asseppens is beautiful canals.



VENICE OF THE EAST

FINE OLD BUIL DINGS. The Second Finisherity between The Two Vencies is That the Canada are lined with fine old buildings of charm a character, full of his toric interest. Without the buildings are of different ages and styles — in both towns there is a strong unity to coher is that is variety falt in modern these a towns. A suppey does not have so



though old Palaces of buildings — but even the They are 8malles of humbles They are varied a have to great charm, with a distinctive unity that makes a special canal-side architecture, not to be found any There is India in the I array of more well known townst. Towns (Goa, Crinagar, Pundichery ote.)

There two skatches

Show the Similarity of

a romantia stagle of

the proximaty to the

way-side canal

waters.

DISTINCTIVE BOATS

..... Venice of The west has a distinctive · son ger hant collect a Gondola. As combe Seen from the sketches below -, it bears a striking simulanty to Alleppens conal boats.

with ite Venice of the west amele an

Allappen canal bout ride a Townst MUST.

sing poleh Stowly along Venices cumals to one of the main toungt attractions. No one would visit Venice without a trip on a andela - Besides The boatman who I des you along There is often also a musician playing on a stomaged instrument.

There are very to people who do not enjoy The stow vestful peaceful



CANAL-SIDE BANKS ..

In The side is a skatch of the canal Is in the Venice of the west. " 100 is a sketch of the comal - side = of Alleppen bus station, the Venice of the throat. In can see the Scindanties - The rules, The boots, The buildings. · Venice The conal side pedestri my is for people to stroke along o a sit under a coloured umbrella for " vest, to watch the passing Scane of to have a refreshing direct & a chat rath friends. a Atteppy - right outside The bus tion the visiters first vew of The bank Entreved with shacks of mobish piles 1 dumps, posters of all shipper & 5 13 23, usps of building materials and is where to sit! In fact The canal Title is So chittened in Such an intedy city way that the new visites 19 not aware That There IS a comal.

you can relax

of have a

refreshing

dink on the

Canal side

Lake this

In Alleppey

you can get
a glass of ten

from a shack

on it canal

Siste like this a

There sere no

Seats to sit on

and there is

a pile of smelly

fly blown

mobish, also on

The canal side



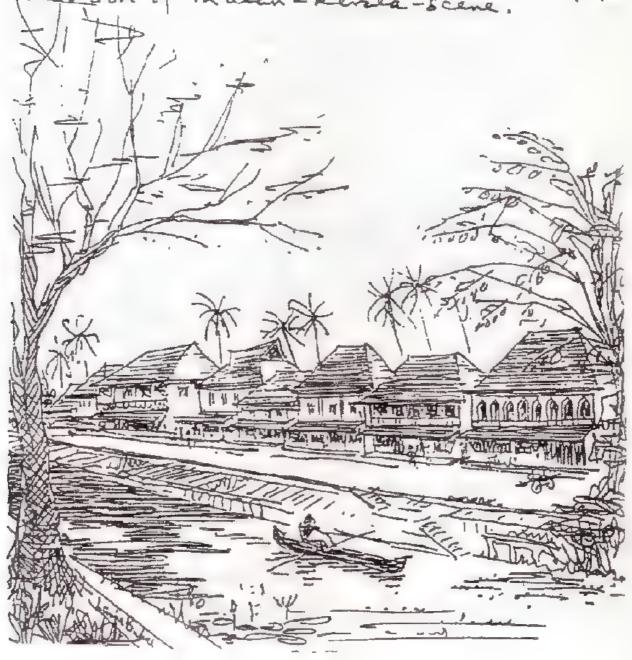
Venice makes full use of its conal sides _ all for the benefit a enjoyment of its own inhabitants or to tourists.

Appert from the treas whome, in many parts of Allappen it is delically to find the hudden beauty.

It can be posited on to that These differences occas, even though There are so many Similarities, Simply because of the way in which people regum their surroundings - Their environment. Do they look after, a be fromd of Their own property, the corperty of others, common property belonging to the Government? the Benity seen by visiters of tourists depends -pon whether the local people look after, enjoy, and are proved of what surrounds them a what inherited from a the post. Do we really went visiters. To see all our dirty nubbrah? It is not The Concernment who Throw down anguiler - Their wrote paper, fruit peel, bottles, vogs, tun coms or adher. It is we auselver who do lane things 4 it is high time ix leaner That we cannot expect of others to love India as long as we behave in this intidy, dirty way.

CANAL SIDE BUILDINGS.

The Canal sides of Alleppen have many unspoiled stretches with delightful buildings like these shown below. People come from half way round the world to see & photograph this soft of Indian-Kerela-Scene.

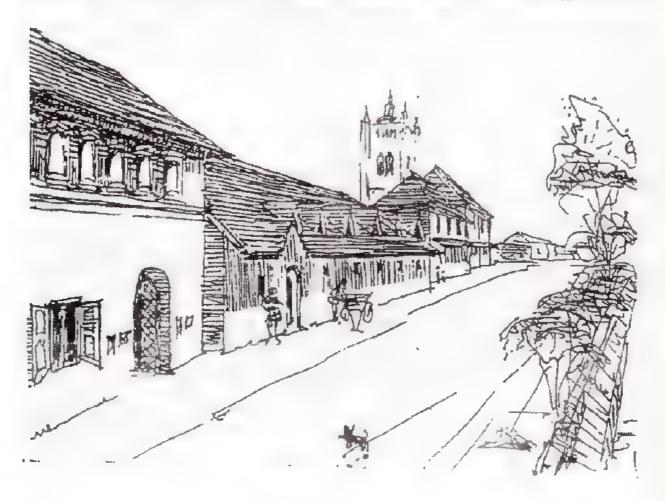


i and soe all too often regard such in any as dispositioned a made ! We in on entural Heritage: . " .. I have reported to sketch opposte, but at down a tree, demolished one of the old id mys & in its place put up a live storer. andem book of building totally out of . Anthorities have also put up row of morden light poles · will takes If we went to nevive the is the sort of thing we must not Do.

then the Goodowns and warring a along the conal side words are Good, first as architecture! Most are of excellents proportion, often with fine detailing in columns a worker.

Many, even most, of these buildings are no longer in was or and hying idle but They are good strong structures a comment but be put to other uses. One or two, for an ample, are amently used as Marriage Halls, often convented into offices. These humbler buildings are never-the tess full of old local character — a delight to the england and are very much a part of the old Venice of the Fast!

It all has cham & attraction to Townists & all.



Below, again, I have replaced one of the old includes (only in the sketch-not to read !!)

is show how the same stretch of "Chem" would be destroyed the minute a new, cumently is shimable type of "useful building is inserted.

We must learn I quickly-that one karala mildings one NOT old fashioned junk - Bot realise their islandy of the fact that they are stapped in legend of history, they all some part of the Cherester which is essentially ALLEPPEY



CANAL SIDE RELIGIOUS BLDGS.

Visiters from outside are often amazed to find in Kereln The visible demonstration of the fact that there are people of Janous religions faiths living, working a worshipping, people fully, side by side. At This period in history that is something that has to be seen



A trip along the old canals of Alleppeng takes you past the beautiful Kenda architecture of buildings of the three main faiths in the town.

Where slax in the world can you see mors ques - mossices - like these shown in these two sketches of canal-side Allappey?



Henc is the entrance to a masjidnight on The named concliside vouds.

the mosque on the opposite page appears to be growing right out of the canal writers.

Nothing alien, nothing imported-pune Kerela!





Not many people came along this stretch of road — but those who were obviously visiters to Kensla all had their Camera's clicking away at such beauty. The views from boots on the canal are doubly delightful because of the reflections.

All of these buildings are an enormous unique asset to Alleppey.

Christian churches, Too are found along, a rear to The can als. Some are entirely local in Their architectural style shile oftens blend western barroque with proc Kersla Etyle!





in any foreign Violers of tourists have to

e reminded That Christianity had come
to India, This' The coastal Towns of Kerala,

ong before it penetrated Their own

european countries. Again - we don't realise
the fact that many tourists come for far more
than fun a pleasure. This vioual feast of

religious cultures can be shown than in Alleppen



Another canal side, simple, dignified all church with well kept grounds.

tombo, beautifully kept. I side lights on The British civil a military " The eighteenth century.

Also close to the conals are the superfor absolutely magnificent Kerula Hindu temples.

This mainly curved wooden creditestine with its dominating tile roofs is without purabled in the world.

The precincts are wishe and open, dotted with Lunge trees a small, but no less beautiful subsidings.



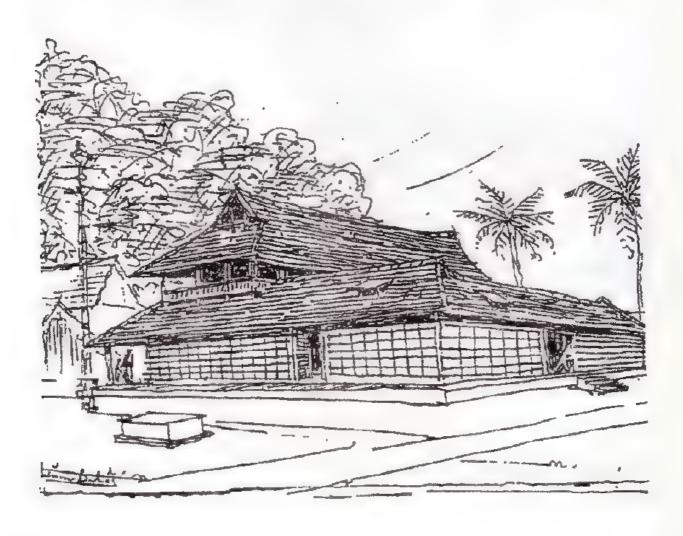


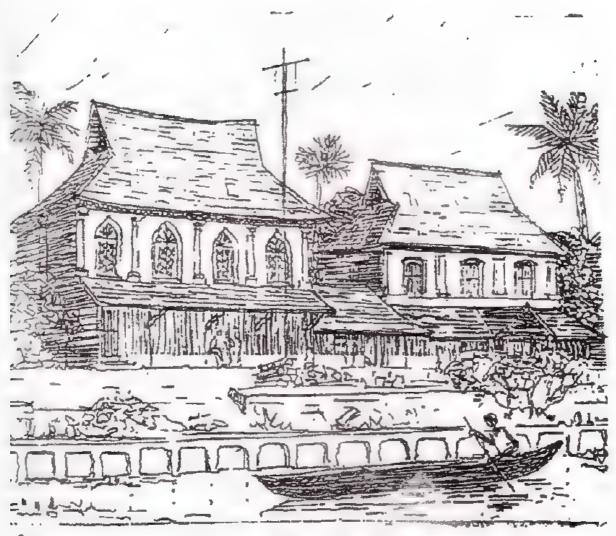
full too often wite open spaces for special religious futterings are not so attractive when They are empty a deserted. But not so here! The smiet, peace + sevenity are palpable. No Her town in India can show such feeling + bearty.

No! This sketch has not been done in Garpen! 9t is another typical bit of Kerelan Tumple architecture - new the cancel in An eppay.

Once tourists are aware that They can see all These consental wombers in a simple quiet beautiful place like Arkappy - They will Not waste their money going a few Thousand miles further on to Japan.

But we must remember That Alleppeny count vely only on These worders built by ow





forefatters. We have to provide all the ofter comenities of facilities for having a comfortable place to stay, good clare hood to ent provide to mention comfortable attractive enjoyable transport facilities.

leople will take photographs into als of temples a mosques above of ordinary las Karthe Louces like these shows above. How a temple will love to stay in such a building overlossking the canal!

THE BUS STATION If you arrive by bus a walk over to get an auto or a taxi - you will catch a glumpse of The canal as you look back at the Bus Station. The architectural styles visible have absolutely nothing in common with Kerela's femous What you now see on one side are non-descript "modern characterless buildings, and on the canalyside coude buts a shaeles of a let of ugly posters, or light poles learning at all mblish living the cand edges.
This is your first unpression
of Venice of The trant! If we wont to regain This title, we can we make the unsighthiness. A Kinda Roof over the main Station building could be shally restling a waiting space with a fine Vian over the town. Instead of sheeks we replace them with Kerrala style, clean, kinsks at make the water over looking the water. Pooters can be hing under Kerrala shades a following the water. What they water in formation can be obtained. With something the time the feel you have anived in it venice of the finish.



CANAL BOATS

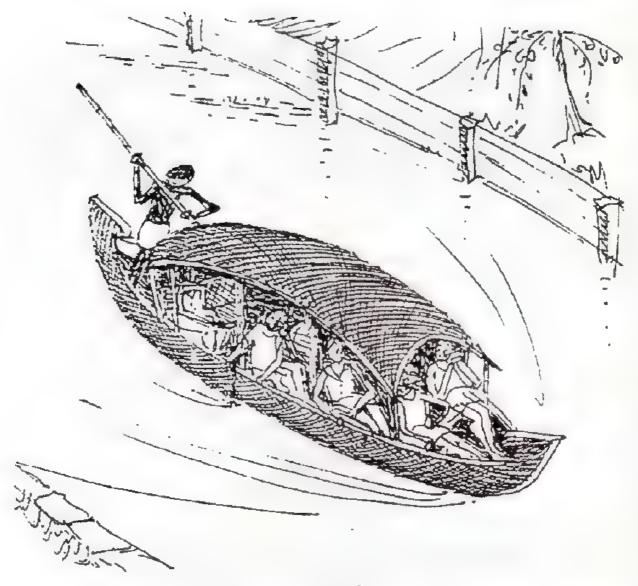
It will be a pleasure to look it our cleanedup comedo — but it will be even better to go
on them. At pesent there are only vanous
typees of rather in confertable country craft a
the big ferry bus boats. But sight seems
would like I something more comfortable. If
you want to get to another part of the town
anickly— Then we need the Kerala style boatequivalent of an Anto!
Maybe Something like this?





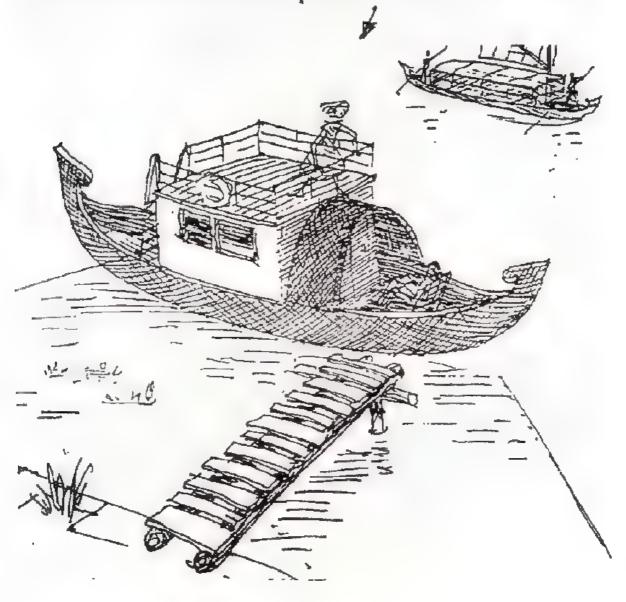
Trivists are NCT in a hung. They would rather mise slowly This the canals, Seeing the sights clong the banks, slowing down to take photographs, stopping here attend to drink tender coconids, or to step onto the banks to stretch their leass a look over an old temple or church. He traditional poling the boost, rather then using an engine will also appeal a be preferable the all.

Why not something like the boost shown above?



Often domestic tourists (every but as important as foreign ones) travel in groups or families. They too are not in a hung of have come to see the sights of Aleppan a to try it local food a drink coconnit vater. So Thy not a larger version of the previous boat That will comfortably seat from 51x to twelve people? Hime one for the day of get to know the Venice of the teast from its counds!

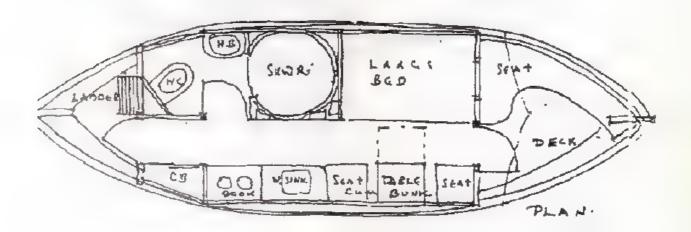
In Kashmi, The Home bout has always been a major attraction to vioitars. Recretifully, now on word to Kashmis is not so attraction. But sall appropriate buckwaters of quiet canals could be y conveniently of happily have home bouts of various sizes. They need not be The large home bout of Kashmis lond we can develop our sum variety, in true Kersle style. A small one could be comething lake This...

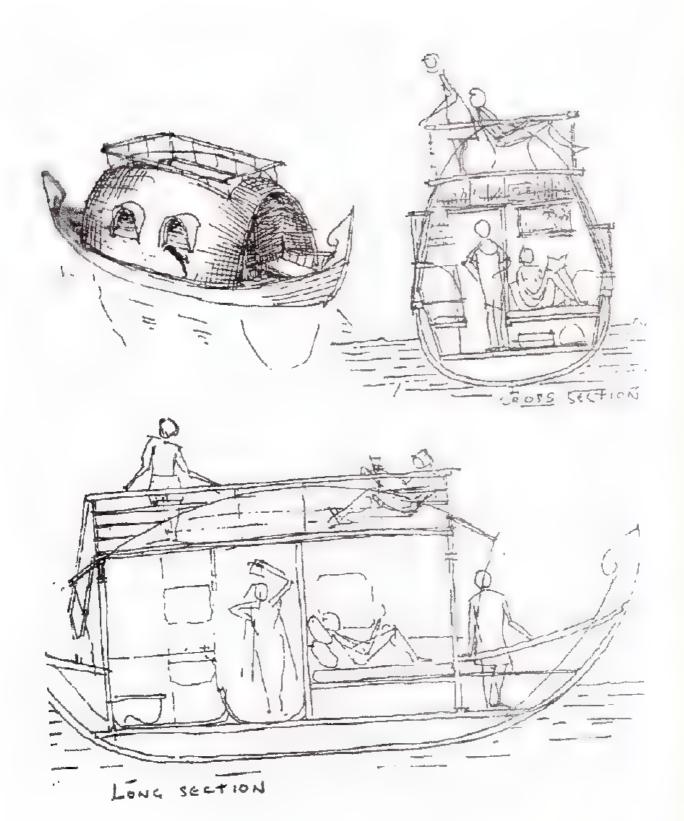


There is one big sneg about house-booting. There must be nearby, or on bound, an supply of clean water and similarly. There has to be fool proof sandation. We cannot allow the reiliamy system of Letting wester drop through a hole in the floor! There has to be a system like that used in a plane, and this, for success, depends on a regular and this is success, depends on a regular and this is called possible, but it is an extra cost to add to the basic cost of the boot and it's futtings.

Bouts are a most attractive alternative to I vages and hotels. Asseppen is ideally and uniquely suited for such a major tourist attraction.

These drawings quie an idea of the Soft of accommodation in a middle sugar houseboat which could be mooned wither in the backwaters or along The canal sides.





A HOUSE BARGE

this could be a variation of the house bout - something new, bit not ont of place, to Kereda. It can be a flat bottomment burge of any soft inge and on its death can be any soft inludy desired accommodation.

This sketch-plan shows one with two separate huts! Each but contains a diward bed in a small sitting-cum-back nown with a best worm citached. The space between the two buts is also soofeel over to provide

A HOUSE BARGE

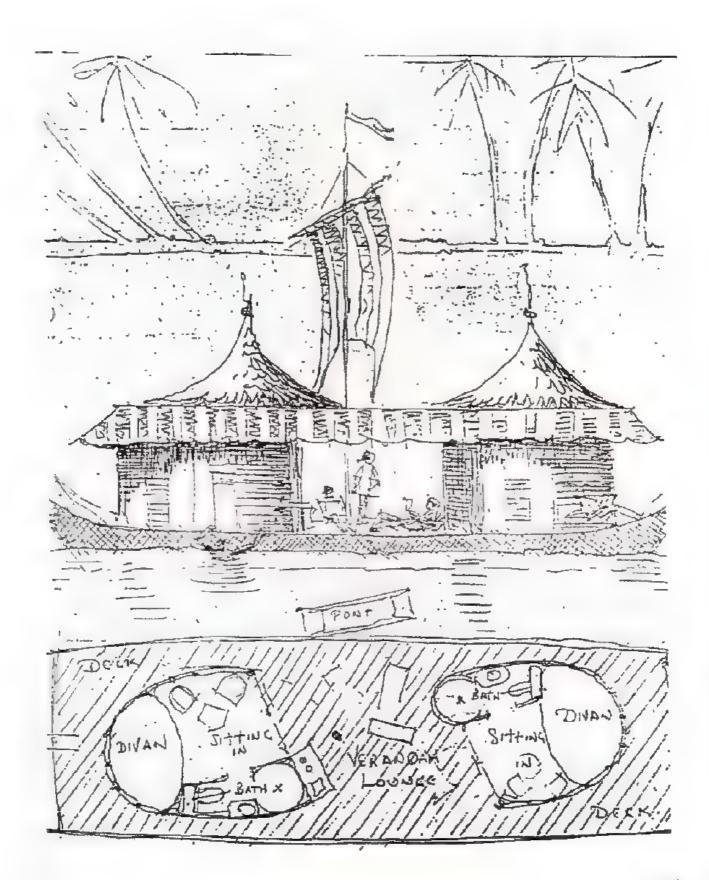
this could be a Variation of the house bout - something new, bill not ont of place, to Kercha. It can be a flat bottom med barrie of any sort inlarly desired accommodation

this sketch-plan shows one with two separate huts! Each but contains a diwan back in a small sitting-cum-back room with a bath room citiached. The space between the two buts is also toofed over to provide a breezy sitiant. A Kitchen ette can also be provided and there is a small point for people to get to and from the shore.

Similar Burges can also be fitted up as a vestaurant, a shop-cum-beauty purlows. a games-cum-library or readin.

In This way the Utility burges, wigether with a few House burges, can form a small floating colony or hotel.

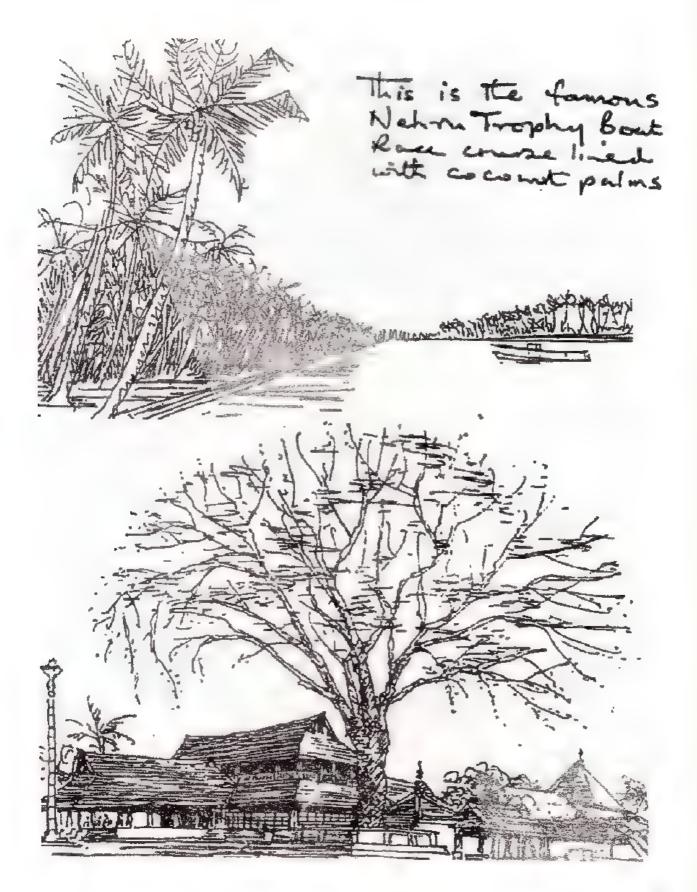
This sort of enqine-less lagron-creft has the very big adventage that it can be towed or poled from one place to another and no engine is required - hence eliminating noise a pollution.



TREES All a puzha is extremely a lot of very large beautiful trees of many varieties. He enominas should kain trees are should from the hot sum a in this case it makes it possible to walk during the day time clong the cuncil-sides without suffering from excessive heat. Trees need constant care + vigilant protection.

People should not be allowed to mutilate Them or cut Item alows. They should be controlled of the well by the citizens them selves a they whast see I tem as an essential asset to Their own well being of for promoting Tourism.





WASTE DISPOSAL

Waste Paper Containers at are all very well but they are useless unless there is an efficient and regular by stem of emptying them, taking the water matter away, a disposing of it properly a not just dumping it in another place.

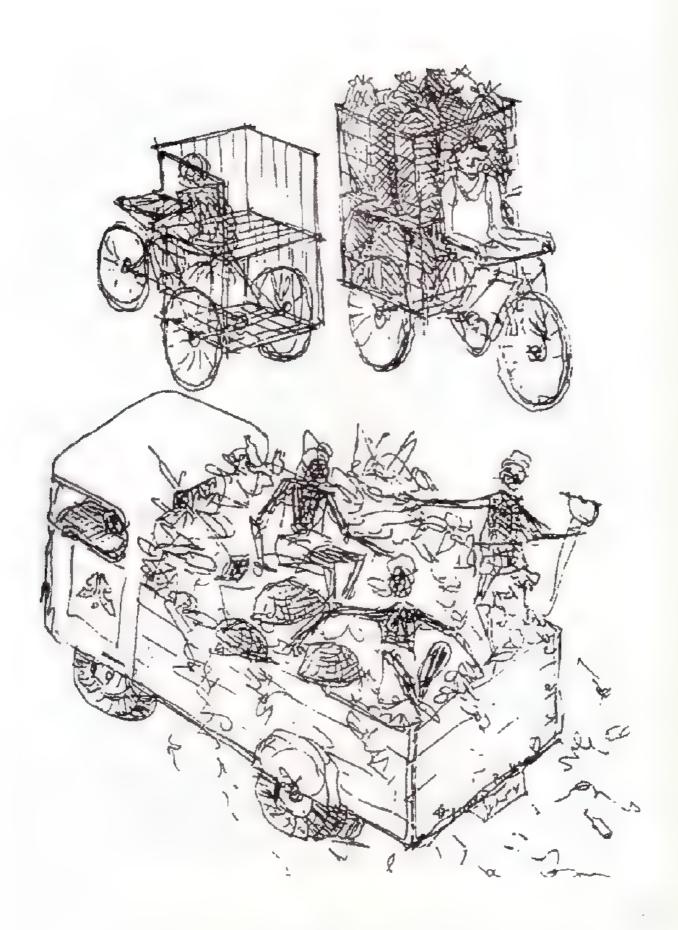
First of all the Collection System. It is not necessary (a nexter is it possible) to have expension-to-bury a expensive-to-num times. The sketch opposite. Show what usually happens. It seems to be and expensive re-distribution scheme! (E.R.S.).

As few as possible the various types of waster matter (paper, plantie, glass, metal, organicatiff) should if possible be collected separately. (Plantie borgs of different colours works well if people will discipline themselves to use These borgs properly. These can then be collected on bicycles to the appropriate rocks to hold the borgs.

houses can only be reached down named patts of alleys. A worny count go down Tem, lent beggles can.

You can buy more than 200 bicycles for the cost of one large, at the running costs are almost nil. The long breaks up round surfaces, the cycle document. There is no noise pollution from a cycle.

Some of the old unusual Go. downs of wavehouses can be used for southing of recycling waster. Cloth a paper can make new paper. Metals can be melted down a re used. So can glass. Here we used for plastic. Recycling waster CAN be Big Business.



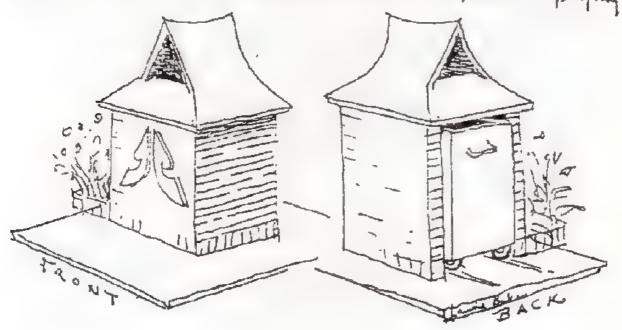
WASTE CONTAINERS.

Along the cumal side words (+ ster roads to) There should be waste bins or containers - as foolproof as possible.

thorously The container must not look regulaive or dirty. At should be easy to put in duty, unwented, waste material.

The Container must be distinctive so that people Know what it is a don't have to hant for it. It should have a removable inner container.

Beiors is one suggestion. The unit has a next well with a Kerola style roof. The wall can camp The Development Duther tails logo, There can also be a small well kept flower bear. There is a metal or plastic inner container on Techo which can be pulled out for regular emptying.



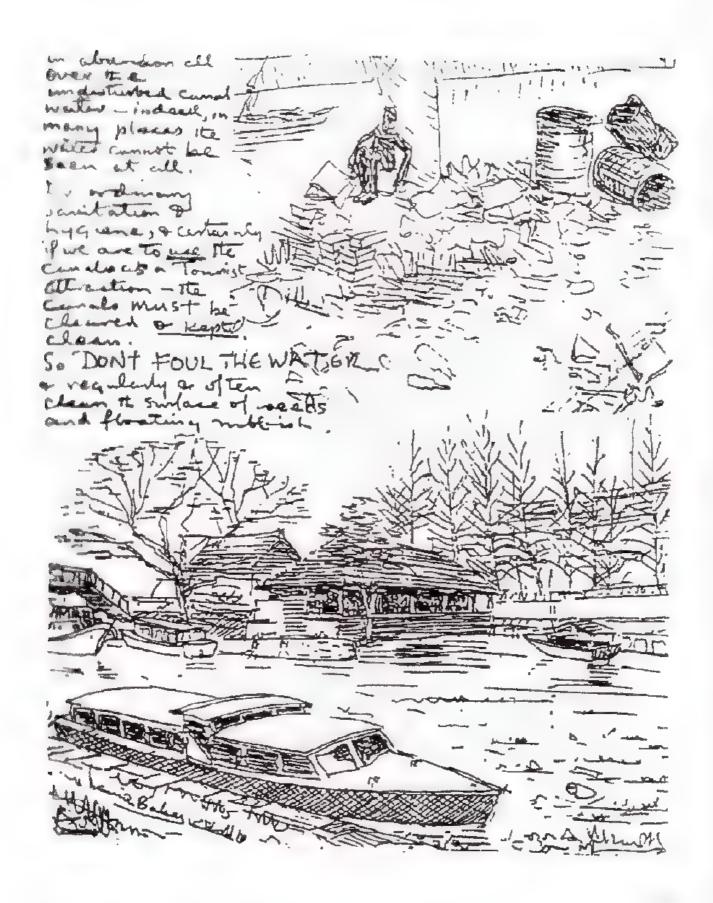


DIRTY CANALS

Again, it is we ourselves who help considerably to foul The canalo. hubbruk of all sorte is eiter dumped on to the sides of the canals a gets pushed in, or it is Thrown straight into the water. Even an about oire - a meat sloughtering place lets all the blood o wester buts qo into the chief!

Nature also helps the potention of the canal by all the muses of Deterthy wint a their weeks growing





PUBLIC GARDENS

Our Gandhi Parks have to onle a vegular feature of newly & intown in India of course they have their un altie place in Congested pell sted areas. Unjoin altie place in their action of formally, strength squared pathos, set little flower backs, a of course of State in the middle. They certainly are not a feature that tourists come half way round the world to see At best - They are a breathing place the lines of big cities & should remain the

As can be seen from sketcles on previous pages, there are already plents of pen species in Alleppy — and more open ness than usual because of this net work of can also the formal Grandhi a gubilber parks are also chreaty in existence.

People usually go of Set a relax in a park
of they want to see around them - people-flowers
trees - of anything of a faistorical nature such
as old buildings of mins. The is also an
added bonns if they can see the sea - or, as in
Attepping, The canads.

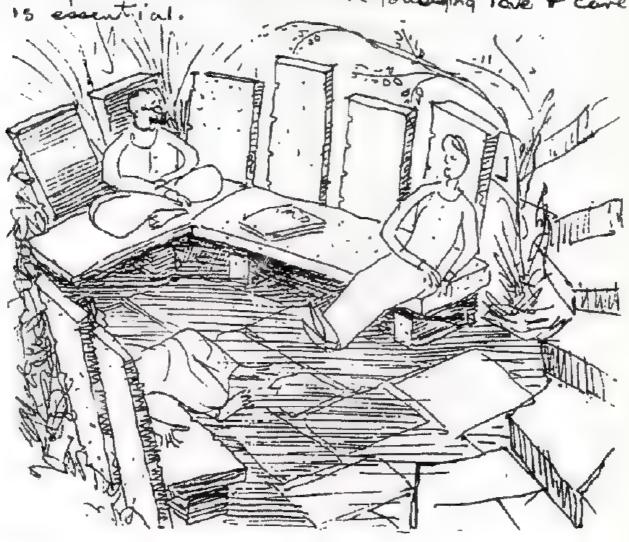
An express cannot do, however, in or along the American to set down in The should the boat is to set down in The should the boat is to see the boat is to see the boat is the boat is the original that water,

Children , too, have to be catered for they are not content to sit a velax - They would to play, Jump, olimb and so on!



Not for away across the backwaters news Changanus There is blenty of split granite stone which makes admirable eco biendly unusual, strong seats.

As usual _ upkacep a maintanance a Response such little mini - garden clean a tidy is of with most importance. Ence a year on Gamilia garante is Mot enough. There small property can be taken up by individuals, business firms, Banks, Schools, Believing arroups a 80 on. He Money health is little-but the following love & care





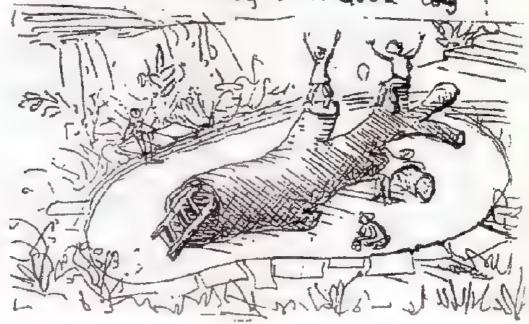
CHILDRENS SMALL PLAY AREAS.



These also Combe along the canal Sides, with Suitable rails to prevent falling into the canal

Small adjoining play areas can be provided for children. By stones in a sand bad, and above, are easy of max pensive to built and maintain.

Finitally, big old tree trunks are also easy to place on Sand. The Sand allows for tumbles and falls, also sand toll is a good toy!



there is no need for the usual abovette of supers ive slides a swings of round a bouts. These simple play devices of stone a work one easy to acquire amaintoin and They are in treeping with the smandings of these trees a canal sides with beautiful views over the water. Where appropriate, swings can hang from the tree branches— simple ones for children of the swinging setter type for children

It is very important to understand that all these suggestions are to improve the environment of Atappuzha — FOR The inhabitants themselves of their children. of all these Things are good of clean and beautiful for you - Their they are good for tourists also. We must not encourage double standards. People come here to see India - how They live, how they dress, how they play, It is They ent. At is a very mistaken notion that they come for speech bouts & Dioney lands! Those who come from America & Europe & Jeyan have all These modern buldings of artificial. Something new, something different, something axotic, that They spend large Sums of money to travel to places like India. I know the because of too was once a foreigner. The places like alleppay were so great that I have stayed here for 50 years.

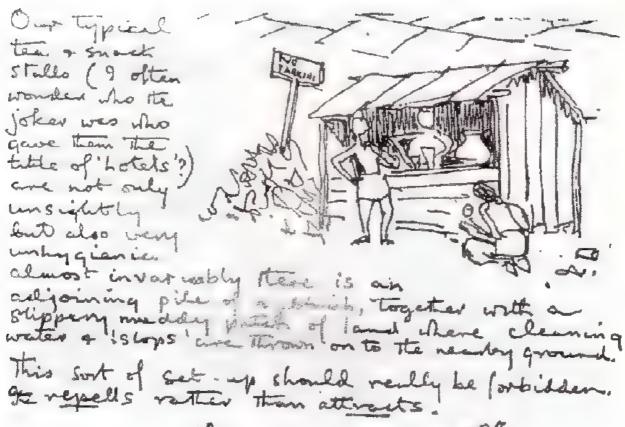
DRINKING WATER At times, Alappusha can be Very hot, also very windy. Visitors long for a glass of pune, cold, cleur water · en absolute must for lovergn townisto a few of getting trummy y sets This can be seen from the freet that pay up to RS 201to a botter of 50- called in eneral water. They are also frightened of coloured drinks because they do not believe pure writer is used. So why not give ourselves good pure clear drinking water - a improve our own healthand The Townists can have it too There must be storage towers of filtering on purilying units too. 9t is probably more such small units attacked to seek tower. Shortpipe lines of can lend to Kiosks.

The Town Anthonties would do well to pro rike done The canalsides attractive, Kerelin -Style Kinsks 4 booten Wheth can be rented out. Safe clean cold drinks can be bought A shady confortable Santo Ean be provided - or the Kiosks should be set u: in conjunction with our

Even more attractive (AND healthy) will be the sale of 'tender cocount water. Cocount is plentifully grown locally & is always available. Clean utensils (Knives to cut open the shell — strand, or sclean glasses) and also be abailable. I they must be Seen to be clean.

SNACKS Cuiso need To be always available and, again, The Knosk must book attracture AND BE CLEAN. MAKE SUAG that through are available right hear; by -not 50 yards avery! And be sure That mobish to its insurtable surasi of flies) doesnot lie around on the ground. Fruit, particularly executer fruit Wee mangos 4 Guerras + our many varieties of bamanas; must be fresh & cleun & Kept There they do not attract flies, a those with eye-flies. Whome economical than bullungs, in o this constitution of s group burling de drink to vis news -15 to pour um brielias, tables & chairs in easy reach of the

Supply Krisk.

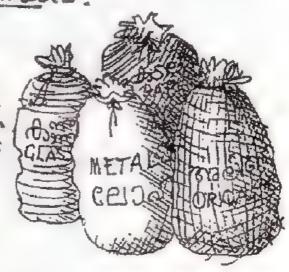




We must davelope the System of separating and Storing mobish in plastic bags

And there
MUST be
a regular
Systematic
Clearence of
These sacks.

REPELS



TOUC 1515

TOURIST & OTHER INFORMATION

This is another like on which we are woefully Slack, poor and uninformative!

first of all There
must not be only
one information
booth in one Town
They need to be
found adjoining
or in bus and
recluring a boot
stations
They need to be at
any place where
a lot of Tourists
Gatter.



Second: These booths or Kiosks need to be distinctive so that you don't have to hant for them in little side streets a out of the way old offices or houses!

Third Information must be reliable. Time and equin one hours of incorrect information. being given. It is better to be told "We don't Know"— Than to be told that the bus you want "Will leave at 5 pm from here"— I later [ind that it left at 4 pm from behind there!

there is no need for more than one yerson in Roch boots.

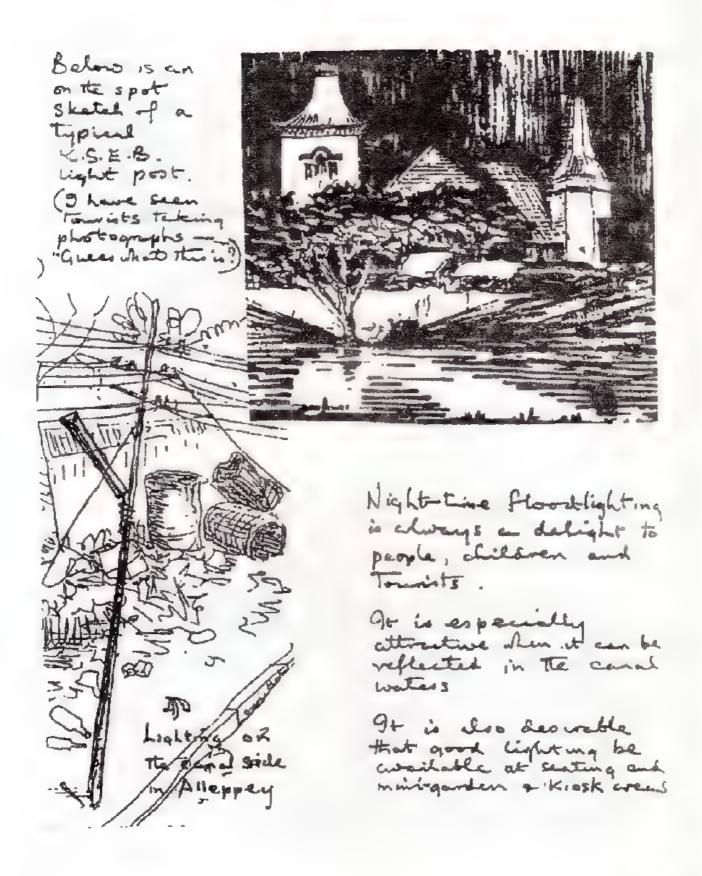


Whenever 9 try & got pretine postcardo in Kerala - all 9 can find one patines of the Tajunha Maps, if accurate, are always also required but ravely available. Those are chiple aids to Successful Trurisin - but we rainly botton about them.

Langer Townist Information Units one needed at Bus, Train, and Book Stations Tourists have a regular set list of questions and all simple, Day-to Day & Living constime. " How do 9 get to the Bus Station ? " How fow is it? " Where is There a Post Office / Box? .. I want to go to the Police station. "Com you tell me of a good clean chaptered?" What is a "lodge"? "Con you tell me where there is a public convenience? (The information person must know the various hames That different verses use for a trilet !) They have Not come to look at posters of Kashmir + Jaiselmene. If you want to aivertise - admentise The various + attractions of Anapyey - The Back waters " Always only use up. to. date Time Tables; jutu.



LIGHTING Street lighting is the would important from many pointed The typical Karla Style is not very astructive (Perhaps muking was of the Attappay Development to othersty

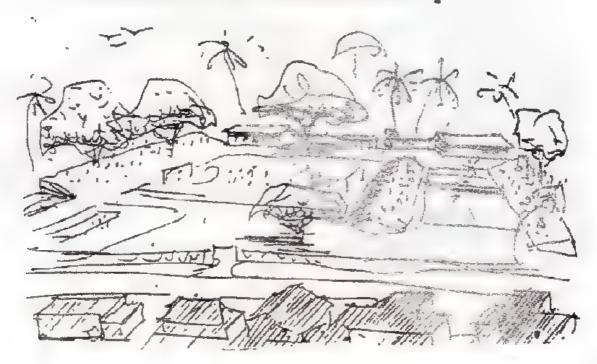


I was asked to consider a comment on three [Major development schemes I. A pulker sports Stadium II Development & Stands for the Nehry Trophy Race area. III The Boothapanda Kayal recreation Centre There is a plot already tentatively booked for the by stadium (on the A.S. Road). The typical large areas type of stadium is envaraged. My observation is that these stadies are usually huge white elephants - used only occasionally -" July few " Sports Associations" can affect to use These every near Glorious estrotting wonders. For example The Startum in Theremen was get up large part of the general public. It was built to be a Cyreat Asset". I doubt if to has been used more than half a dozen times for mayor national sports events much on the feet times when school sports are shown Theme on T.V. Most of the seast seem to be amongoter. On the other hand, The open but of band opposite to the Lighthouse of Comest House, is almost always Continuously in use, People of allages et all times are joequing, running , skipping planging cell Kinds of yames, lawring to ride sciotes a buncles, besides playing matches of football Kabadi +50 on. A man on the road with a barrow Sello drinks etc. There are no facilities except good posts of a Sharly tree or two ! My opinion is that this a done or five other such open spaces, with a few more facilies (egipment stores) showers, lockers a water tays - a courth boulds for Good & ting a viewing would be at four evented use to be expresented by all them one is staled large excessively costly stadium. Get all and small assented reads attended to first



LAKHS OR CRORES ?

HUNDREDS OR THOUSANDS P



Below is a shatch of the stretch of water mach severy year for the world famous Nature Trophy Race The very nature of the temporary, gay, colonially stands are shown at periods are the own special atmospher. The shop or all is to remove these palms and briefly a full course length concrete grand stand tranking a full course length concrete grand stand tranking a constrosing would look like for the other 364 days in the year.

Authorities say the molescript of this grand stand could be used deily for cines - shops sote. Do they really Think the local populace and tourists will come all the way have severe don't to all tourists



The Boothersunda Kangel is a large Squarish sheet of water, separate from the back waters. It is 6 or 7 Kelometers from Ameripay. The proposal is to introduce water ski ing, speed boats & other noisy, mordan, speedy forms of "recreation". I will only speak of it concerning to being an Asset to Tourism. I can only repeat that tourists do not come half way round the world to includge in titud rate water sports in one of the least attractive Kayals around



I honestly a wholeheartedly balieve that the people of Aleppuzha can require their forme and their prosperity long Searching out and neviring all Their many worked in treas were - God + Man make ones.

At the present time — There is too much dist of waste of an exponently Total lack of printe of love for the fine Canuls, buildings, trees, seashore, hinch waters, history of legends that all go to make up a componentually small Town which, a hundred years ago was printed by world toursto of travellows and equalled with one of the greatest wenthiest world famous you at cities in the whole world-Venice.

the Similarities are w. were there, but now item are hidden, fortunately

continue continue continue continue continue continue con tong a as best They can, but let everyone concerned go to Alleppey and open their eyes a try a believe low fine The old buldwas would be if repaired a pointed. Try a can those dist a mobish a floating refuse of weeks. I magine The boutter clean weeks. I magine The boutter clean weeks, there is the parties of weeks.

and play spaces, of attractive. Kerala style Knoses of hotels, a sents to set m, and with the weal world front noiselessly by!

there is still Pence of Beauty in, and all mount., All expery. In this noisy strife-ton modern world suppey must understand that they are a rane almost unique. Blessing that the world needs.

Out is not only that the people of Alleguey can awall be proud of their home place but India a thought will be able to share that love a prime,

Costly. In fact The more He citizens of Allappen do Themselves, of for Themselves of Their town - The better a word wonderful to will be.

These changs for most countries a most people. He main cuin in life feens only to wake money

LET IT BE OUR LOVE & WORK AND NOT OTHER PEOPLES MONE? THAT BRINGS BACK ALLEPPSY TO ITS RIGHTFUL PLACE OF PEACE & PROSPERITY.

Laurie Bakes



COSTFORD

The Centre of Science and Technology for Rural Development known by its acronym COSTFORD was established in 1985 to develop, demonstrate and disseminate alternative technologies that will ultimately change the social, economic and political positions of the poor, deprived and marginalized sections of society. The initial thrust area of the activities of COSTFORD was the diffusion of cost and energy effective alternatives to building technology. In consideration of the commendable work done by COSTFORD, the Government of Kerala has recognized it as an accredited agency to execute construction works using alternative technologies for all Government Departments and Agencies. Hundreds of architects and engineers trained by COSTFORD in Baker philosophy have become the change agents in the construction sector. It also gives special emphasis to the needs of women in society through training, organization and employment generation schemes.

COSTFORD extends consultancy services to Panchayati Raj Institutes for local economic development, decentralized planning and governance.

Besides, COSTFORD has also been interacting with students from various disciplines and has created a library and research centre on subjects that are relevant from the point of people-centred development. Annual memorial lectures by eminent public personalities and intellectuals are organised to commemorate the contributions of C. Achutha Menon, K.N. Raj and Laurie Baker. Special lectures and classes are also conducted on themes of topical interest.

COSTFORD has constructed a large number of buildings including houses for government and non-government institutions and families. In its quest to carry on the legacy of Laurie Baker, it has also been experimenting with alternative cost effective but environmentally-friendly materials such as bamboo, mud and wood. It has won several prizes and awards for its construction activities. More details can be accessed from its website: www.costford.org

COSTFORD has published 12 books authored by Laurie Baker and 30 books authored by others. A Malayalam quarterly "Puthuvazhi" is being published under its initiative to promote and popularize alternative perspectives on development, environment, gender, social oppression and culture.

LBC for Habitat Studies

The Laurie Baker Centre for Habitat Studies was established in 2009 to carry on the legacy of Laurie Baker. Located 12 kms from Trivandrum city in a lush campus of around 4 acres in the Vilappilsala Panchayat, it conducts training, research and publication activities. More details can be accessed from its website: www.lauriebakercentre.org



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THE AUTHOR

Laurence Wilfred Baker was not just a well-known architect. He was also a cartoonist, a man who loved nature and above all, a humanist. He was a Gandhian in his thoughts and deeds. Born in 1917 he became an Associate of the Royal Institute of Architects in the United Kingdom after studying at the Birmingham School of Architecture. A chance meeting with Mahatma Gandhi inspired and introduced him into India in 1944. Following this he lived and worked in India helping his Kerala-born wife and medical doctor Elizabeth Baker and also practicing his architecture in meeting the housing and living requirements of the rural poor. It was in a remote village, Pithoragarh, in the Himalayan region where they built their home, hospital and school. In the midsixties the Bakers moved to Kerala and made it their home.



After moving to the city of Trivandrum in 1970, Baker built several buildings including numerous houses and institutions that were cost effective as well as environment-friendly. The late C. Achutha Menon, the visionary Chief Minister of Kerala during 1969-77 was an admirer and ardent supporter of Baker's philosophy and approach to building construction. So was the late K.N. Raj, one of India's outstanding economists. Baker was closely associated with several governmental and other public institutions to advise on matters relating to cost effective building technology. He also mentored a large number of young architects who came to work and live in Trivandrum. He authored several books imparting knowledge on housing and building construction. He also drew cartoons and was also a painter. He and his wife led a life of simplicity and service. Laurie Baker passed away on 1"April 2007.

There are two organizations that carry on his legacy. One is the Centre of Science and Technology for Rural Development known as COSTFORD headquartered in Thrissur with units in Trivandrum and other districts in Kerala. This was jointly founded by C. Achutha Menon, K.N. Raj and Laurie Baker himself in 1985. The other is the Laurie Baker Centre for Habitat Studies located in Trivandrum and founded in 2009 under the initiative of COSTFORD activists with financial support from the Government of Kerala to undertake training, research, publication and other activities relating to the building of a green habitat following the philosophy and approach of Laurie Baker.

Centre of Science and Technology For Rural Development

COSTFORD